# 注释

### 一般

- 1. 除非另有說明,括号内的数字指与前一年同期比较的变动百分率。
- 由于四舍五入关系,统计表中所列的个别数字之 和可能不等于其总数。另外,变动百分率及比重 百分率均以未经进位的数字计算。
- 3. 净吨位 (以前称为净注册吨位)、港口货物和货柜 吞吐量计算至最接近的千位。在2009年以前,抵 港船只船次统计数字计算至最接近的十位。
- 4. 以下是一些常用的术语及缩写的意思:

NT = 净吨位

TEU = 二十呎标准货柜单位

### 船舶进出口统计数字

### 资料來源

- 5. 船舶进出口统计数字主要根据船公司、代理人向海事处申报船舶抵达/离开港口的资料时所递交的申报表(MD 508及MD 510)编制而成。
- 6. 有关远洋轮船的主要货物装卸地点和主要停泊地 点的资料,均取自海事处船只航行监察服务资讯 系统所保存的船舶活动报告。

### 资料定义

- 7. 内河航限是指香港邻近水域,一般指香港与珠江、 大鹏湾及澳门,及其他在广东和广西与香港邻近 水域相連的内陸水域。内河航限的定义在香港法 例第313章《船舶及港口管制条例》订明,其精确 定义是指以下范围内的水域:
  - 东至东经 114°30';
  - 南至北纬 22°09'; 及
  - 西至东经 113°31'。

## **Explanatory Notes**

#### General

- 1. Unless otherwise specified, figures in brackets refer to percentage changes over the same period in the preceding year.
- 2. Owing to rounding, figures shown in the tables may not add up to the respective totals. Furthermore, percentage changes and percentage shares are calculated from unrounded figures.
- Statistics on net tonnage (previously known as net registered tonnage), port cargo and container throughput are rounded to the nearest thousand. Prior to 2009, statistics on the number of vessel arrivals are rounded to the nearest ten.
- 4. The meanings of some commonly used terms/ abbreviations are listed below:

NT = Net Tonnage

TEU = Twenty-foot Equivalent Unit

#### Vessel Statistics

#### **Data Sources**

- 5. Vessel statistics are mainly based on the declaration forms (MD 508 and MD 510) submitted to the Marine Department by shipping companies/agents for declaring arrivals/departures of vessels under their charge.
- 6. Information on the main cargo handling location and main berthing location in respect of ocean vessels are extracted from the trip activity report kept in the Marine Department's Vessel Traffic Services Information System.

### Data Definitions

- 7. River trade limits mean the waters in the vicinity of Hong Kong, which broadly include the Pearl River, Mirs Bay and Macao, and other inland waters in Guangdong and Guangxi which are accessible from waters in the vicinity of Hong Kong. The precise definition of river trade limits under the Shipping and Port Control Ordinance, Cap. 313, Laws of Hong Kong refers to waters within the following boundaries:
  - to the East, meridian 114°30' East;
  - to the South, parallel 22°09' North; and
  - to the West, meridian 113°31' East.

- 8. 在 1993 年以前,远洋轮船是指在海事处的船只出入境手续办事处办理出入境申报的船只,而并非以船只的贸易航线來划分。自 1993 年开始,远洋轮船和内河船只的定义是根据所停靠港口是否已超越内河航限而定。远洋轮船是指越过内河航限行驶的船只,而内河船只则指在内河航限内行驶的船只。内河航限的定义在香港法例第 313 章《船舶及港口管制条例》订明。
- 9. 船舶的容量是以净吨位來表示。计算单位为净吨。 净吨位是由一艘船的船壳内的容量(以立方呎 计),加上在甲板上用以装载货物、贮藏品及乘客 的空间,再减去船长、高级船员、船员所住的地 方、燃料、导航及推进器所占用的地方。每一净吨 相等于100立方呎的容量。
- 10. 船旗是指船舶注册的地方。香港在1992年正式开始船舶注册制度。1997年7月1日起,香港特别行政区经中央人民政府授权继续进行船舶注册,并根据香港特别行政区的法律以「中国香港」的名义颁发有关证件。
- 11. 船舶主要停泊地点中的泊位和仓库码头包括公众 货物装卸区、海运码头及启德邮轮码头。
- 12. 船舶在进入香港水域后可能停泊超过一个停泊地点。若船舶來港的主要原因是装卸货物,则主要的货物装卸地点和主要的停泊地点以葵青货柜码头、泊位和仓库码头(包括公众货物装卸区)、碇泊处和浮泡排列。若船舶來港的主要原因不是装卸货物,主要停泊地点为停留时间最长的地点。
- 13. 内河客船的抵港次数是指船只停泊于港澳码头、中国客运码头、屯门客运码头和海天客运码头的次数。由2003年9月开始,数字包括海天客运码头的统计资料。由2006年11月开始,数字包括屯门客运码头的统计资料。由2007年开始,内河客船数字不包括非载客的船次。屯门客运码头于2012年7月1日停止运作,于2016年1月28日复航,再于2021年6月8日停止运作。由2017年1月开始,内河客船包括在内河航限行驶的邮船。

- 8. Prior to 1993, ocean vessels referred to vessels declaring entry and clearance at the Port Formalities Office of the Marine Department, irrespective of their trade routes. Starting from 1993, ocean vessels and river vessels are defined according to whether or not their ports of call are beyond the river trade limits. Ocean vessels refer to vessels operating beyond the river trade limits while river vessels refer to vessels plying within the river trade limits. The interpretation of river trade limits is defined under the Shipping and Port Control Ordinance, Cap. 313, Laws of Hong Kong.
- 9. The capacity of a vessel is expressed in terms of NT. The unit of measurement is net ton. NT is, broadly, the capacity of a ship in cubic feet of the space within the hull, and of the enclosed space above the deck available for cargo, stores and passengers but excluding space used for the accommodation of the master, officers, crew, fuel, navigation and propelling machinery. One net ton is equivalent to 100 cubic feet of capacity.
- 10. Flag refers to the location of where a vessel is registered. In Hong Kong, the official vessel registration system was set up in 1992. As from 1 July 1997, the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region is authorised by the Central People's Government to continue to maintain a shipping register and issue related certificates under its legislation, using the name "Hong Kong, China".
- 11. Berths and wharves under the main berthing location include public cargo working areas, Ocean Terminal and Kai Tak Cruise Terminal.
- 12. A vessel may berth at more than one location after entering into Hong Kong waters. If the main reason of call of the vessel is for loading/discharging cargo, both the main cargo handling location and the main berthing location were presented in the order of Kwai Tsing Container Terminals, berths and wharves (including public cargo working areas), anchorages, and buoys. If the main reason of call is not for loading/discharging cargo, the main berthing location refers to the one with the longest stay.
- 13. The figures on arrivals of river passenger vessels refer to the number of berthings at the Macau Ferry Terminal, the China Ferry Terminal, the Tuen Mun Ferry Terminal (TMFT) and SkyPier. As from September 2003, figures have included the statistics for SkyPier. As from November 2006, figures have included the statistics for the TMFT. As from 2007, non-passenger carrying trips are excluded from river passenger vessels. The TMFT ceased operation on 1 July 2012, resumed operation on 28 January 2016 and ceased operation on 8 June 2021. As from January 2017, river passenger vessels include cruises plying within the river trade limits.

14. 由于2019冠状病毒病疫情,中国客运码头和屯门客运码头的跨境渡轮服务自2020年1月30日起暂停,而港澳码头的跨境渡轮服务亦自2020年2月4日起暂停。除包租快船转驳服务之外,在海天客运码头来往香港国际机场与内地及澳门的定期快船转驳服务自2020年4月起经已暂停。由深圳蛇口口岸前往香港国际机场海天客运码头的海空转驳快船服务由2020年10月28日起恢复。

### 资料局限

15. 1999年以前,內河货船统计资料包括一些在內河 航限內行驶及有通知海事处的本地持牌游樂船和 渔船。由于不能准确地统计这類船只的数目,故 自1999年起这两类船只没有包括在內河船只统计 范围内。

### 港口货柜吞吐量

### 资料來源

16. 在葵青货柜码头装运的港口货柜统计数字,主要由码头经营者提供。在2019年以前,葵青货柜码头以外装运的远洋轮船「空」货柜统计数字,由海事处根据申报表MD 508及MD 510 编制,所有其他详细的货柜统计数字,皆由政府统计处根据货物舱单中所列的托运货物抽取样本编制而成。自2019年开始,葵青货柜码头以外装运的远洋轮船「空」货柜统计数字亦由政府统计处根据货物舱单中所列的托运货物抽取样本编制而成。

#### 资料定义

17. 港口货柜吞吐量是指以标准货柜单位计算作为搬运货物之用的货柜数目。一个标准货柜单位等同一个二十呎货柜的容量。

14. In response to COVID-19 pandemic, cross-boundary ferry services at China Ferry Terminal and Tuen Mun Ferry Terminal have been suspended since 30 January 2020, while that at Macau Ferry Terminal has been suspended since 4 February 2020. Except for the chartered ferry transfer services, the scheduled ferry transfer services at SkyPier between Hong Kong International Airport (HKIA) and the Mainland China and Macao have been suspended since April 2020. Sea-to-air transfer ferry service from Shenzhen Shekou Port to SkyPier of HKIA has been resumed from 28 October 2020.

#### **Data Limitations**

15. Before 1999, river cargo vessel statistics included some locally licensed pleasure vessels and fishing vessels known to be plying within the river trade limits. As accurate number of trips of these categories of vessels is not available, these two categories of vessels are not included in the river vessel statistics as from 1999.

### Port Container Throughput

#### Data Source

16. Statistics on port container throughput handled at Kwai Tsing Container Terminals are mainly obtained from the terminal operators. Prior to 2019, statistics on empty containers (ocean) handled at locations other than Kwai Tsing Container Terminals are compiled by the Marine Department based on the declaration forms of MD 508 and MD 510. As for all the other detailed container throughput statistics, they are compiled by the Census and Statistics Department (C&SD) based on a sample of consignments listed in the cargo manifests. Starting from 2019, statistics on empty containers (ocean) handled at locations other than Kwai Tsing Container Terminals are also compiled by C&SD based on a sample of consignments listed in the cargo manifests.

#### Data Definition

17. Port container throughput refers to the number of containers for moving the cargo in TEU terms. A TEU stands for a twenty-foot equivalent unit.

# 港口货物吞吐量

### 资料來源

18. 河运方面的货运统计资料过去是由前香港港口及 航运局编制。由1998年开始,海运和河运货运统 计资料皆由政府统计处根据货物舱单中所列的托 运货物抽取样本编制而成。

## Port Cargo Throughput

#### Data Source

18. Cargo statistics in respect of river trade used to be compiled by the then Hong Kong Port and Maritime Board. As from 1998, both seaborne and river cargo statistics are compiled by the Census and Statistics Department based on a sample of consignments listed in the cargo manifests.

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